# Fourth Session Eleventh Parliament Republic of Trinidad and Tobago



## REPUBLIC OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

Act No. 7 of 2019

[L.S.]

AN ACT to provide for the registration of non-profit organisations, the establishment and maintenance of a register of non-profit organisations, the obligations of non-profit organisations and for related matters

[Assented to 23rd April, 2019]

Enactment

ENACTED by the Parliament of Trinidad and Tobago as follows:

# PART ONE

#### **PRELIMINARY**

Short Title

1. This Act may be cited as the Non-Profit Organisations Act, 2019.

Commencement

2. This Act comes into operation on such date as is fixed by the President by Proclamation.

Interpretation

- 3. (1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires—
  - "AML/CFT/PF" means Anti-Money Laundering/Countering the Financing of Terrorism/Financing the Proliferation of weapons of mass destruction;
  - "business day" means any day on which institutions licensed under the Financial Institutions Act are open for the conduct of business in Trinidad and Tobago;
  - "cash" includes coins and notes in any currency, postal orders, cheques of any kind including travellers' cheques, bankers' drafts, bearer bonds, bearer shares and bearer negotiable instruments and other bearer negotiable instruments in any currency;
  - "certificate of registration" means a Certificate of Non-Profit Organisation Registration issued by the Registrar General under section 6;
  - "control", in relation to a non-profit organisation, means the power of a person to—
    - (a) elect a majority of the directors of a non-profit company, where the non-profit organisation is established as a non-profit company;
    - (b) secure that the business and affairs of a non-profit organisation are conducted in accordance with his wishes; or

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- (c) directly or indirectly exercise dominant influence over the conduct of the business and affairs of a non-profit organisation;
- "controller" means a person who has the control or management of a non-profit organisation and includes—
  - (a) a director of a non-profit company, where the non-profit organisation is established as a non-profit company;
  - (b) a trustee of a trust, where the nonprofit organisation is established as a trust;
  - (c) a person responsible for the management or administration of an unincorporated body, where the non-profit organisation is established as an unincorporated body;
  - (d) a senior officer of the non-profit organisation; or
  - (e) a person not specified in paragraphs (a) to (d) where the non-profit organisation is controlled or managed by that person;
- "Financial Action Task Force" means the task force established by the Group of Seven, to develop and promote national and international policies to combat money laundering and terrorist financing;
- "Financial Intelligence Unit" means the Financial Intelligence Unit established under the Financial Intelligence Unit of Trinidad and Tobago Act;

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- "financial year" means the financial year of a non-profit organisation of a period of twelve months;
- "gross annual income" in relation to a non-profit organisation, means any—
  - (a) income from the provision of goods and services;
  - (b) rental income;
  - (c) interest or other income received from investments:
  - (d) donations, grants or subventions;
  - (e) loans; and
  - (f) other income, cash or monetary worth of property and assets acquired,
- received by the non-profit organisation in a financial year;
- "IFRS" International Financial means Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Trinidad and Tobago;
- "Minister" means the Minister to whom responsibility for legal affairs is assigned;
- "non-profit company" has the meaning assigned to it under the Companies Act;
- "non-profit organisation" means a body of persons, whether incorporated or unincorporated, which-
  - (a) is established primarily for the promotion of a patriotic, religious, philanthropic, charitable, educational, cultural, scientific, literary, historical, artistic, social, professional, fraternal, sporting or athletic purpose, or some other useful object and raises or disburses funds for that purpose or object;

Chap. 81:01

pecuniary gain to its members or officers except as reasonable compensation for services rendered; and

- (c) restricts the use of any of its profits or other accretions to the promotion of its purpose or object;
- "Official Receiver" means the Official Receiver designated under section 462 of the Companies Act;
- "property" means assets of any kind, whether tangible or intangible, moveable or immovable, however acquired and legal documents or instruments in any form, including electronic or digital, evidencing title to, or interest in, such assets, including but not limited to cash, bank credits, payment cards, payment instruments, travellers cheques, bank cheques, money orders, shares, securities, bonds, drafts, letters of credit whether situated in Trinidad and Tobago or elsewhere, and includes a legal or equitable interest, whether full or partial, in any such property, precious metals, oil and other natural resources and their refined products, modular refineries and related material and other economic resources which may be used to obtain funds, goods or services;
- "register" means the register of non-profit organisations established and maintained by the Registrar General under section 9;
- "Registrar General" refers to the Registrar General or any officer acting in that capacity, and includes any person duly authorised by the Registrar General in accordance with section 3(1) of the Registrar General Act; Chap. 19:03

- "Regulations" means Regulations made under section 25;
- "Regulator" means the Regulator of Non-Profit Organisations referred to in section 4; and
- "Rules" means Rules made by the Registrar General under section 26.
- (2) For the purposes of this Act, where a non-profit organisation is not a legal person, each controller of that non-profit organisation shall be responsible for carrying out the obligations of the non-profit organisation under this Act.

#### **PART TWO**

# Supervision and Registration of Non-profit Organisations

Regulator of Non-Profit organisations

- 4. (1) The Financial Intelligence Unit shall be the Regulator of Non-Profit Organisations (hereinafter referred to as the "Regulator of Non-Profit Organisations") and shall—
  - (a) be responsible for the AML/CFT/PF supervision of non-profit organisations with a gross annual income exceeding five hundred thousand dollars; and
  - (b) in relation to non-profit organisations, have the powers and duties conferred on it by this Act, the Financial Intelligence Unit of Trinidad and Tobago Act and any other written law.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), section 18B of the Financial Intelligence Unit of Trinidad and Tobago Act does not apply to non-profit organisations.
- (3) Where a non-profit organisation under subsection (1) is registered under this Act, the Regulator shall, using a risk based approach, determine the level of supervision required for the non-profit organisation under the Financial Intelligence Unit of Trinidad and Tobago Act.

- 5. (1) A person shall not operate a non-profit Application for organisation in Trinidad and Tobago unless the registration as non-profit organisation is registered under this Act.
- (2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable on conviction on indictment to a fine of fifty thousand dollars and to imprisonment for seven years.
- (3) An application for registration as a non-profit organisation shall be made by a controller of a non-profit organisation to the Registrar General in the form prescribed by Rules.
- (4) An application for registration as a non-profit organisation under subsection (3) shall include the following:
  - (a) a form containing—
    - (i) the name, address, telephone number and e-mail address of the non-profit organisation;
    - (ii) the declared purposes and activities of the non-profit organisation; and
    - (iii) the name, occupation, address, telephone number and e-mail address of each person who is a controller of the non-profit organisation;
  - (b) copies of the constituent documents of the non-profit organisation;
  - (c) a copy of photo identification of the controller making the application of the non-profit organisation in the form of a valid national identification card or passport;
  - (d) a completed AML/CFT/PF risk assessment questionnaire;
  - (e) a fee prescribed by Rules; and
  - (f) such other information as may be prescribed by Rules.

Chap. 32:50

(5) A society registered under the Friendly Societies Act is exempted from the requirement to be registered as a non-profit organisation under this Act.

Power to grant or renew registration

- 6. (1) Where the Registrar General is satisfied that an applicant has met the requirements of this Act for registration or renewal of registration, he shall—
  - (a) approve the registration of the applicant in thirty business days; and
  - (b) issue to the non-profit organisation a Certificate of Non-Profit Organisation Registration in the form prescribed by Rules.
- (2) The Registrar General may refuse to register or renew an applicant as a non-profit organisation if—
  - (a) the applicant does not qualify to be a non-profit organisation within the definition of a non-profit organisation under section 3;
  - (b) the information contained in the application for registration is incorrect or incomplete;
  - (c) the non-profit organisation is a designated individual or entity under section 22B of the Anti-Terrorism Act or any order made under section 4 of the Economic Sanctions Act:
  - (d) a person named as a controller is disqualified under section 19;
  - (e) the name of the non-profit organisation—
    - (i) is the same or similar to a name of a registered non-profit organisation, any other person, association, partnership, firm, or any registered trade mark or any well-known trade mark as determined under section 13A of the Trade Marks Act

Chap. 12:07 Chap. 81:05

Chap. 82:81

- and the use of that name would be likely to confuse or mislead, unless the non-profit organisation, person, association, partnership or firm consents in writing to the use of that name in whole or in part;
- (ii) is primarily a geographic name used alone unless the applicant establishes to the satisfaction of the Registrar General that the name has, through use, acquired and continues to have a secondary meaning;
- (iii) suggests or implies a connection with the State, or the Government or of any ministry, department, branch, bureau, service, agency or activity of the Government, unless consent in writing to the proposed name is duly obtained from the appropriate Minister:
- (iv) contains the word or words "credit union", "co-operative", or "co-op" when it connotes a co-operative venture;
- (v) suggests or implies a connection with a university or a professional association recognised by the laws of Trinidad and Tobago unless the university or professional association concerned consents in writing to the use of the proposed name;
- (vi) is a name, in the opinion of the Registrar General, for any reason, objectionable; or
- (f) where the non-profit organisation, having been previously registered under this Act has been cancelled under section 10.

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- (3) Where the Registrar General refuses to register an applicant under section 5, or refuses to renew an application under section 7, the Registrar General shall, within fourteen days of such refusal, issue a notice to the applicant and provide reasons in writing within fourteen days thereafter.
- (4) Where an applicant receives a notice under subsection (3), he may within thirty days of the date of the notice provide the Registrar General with written reasons as to why his application should be approved.
- (5) Upon receipt of reasons under subsection (4) the Registrar General shall determine whether the registration should be granted or the renewal refused and a notice shall be sent to the applicant accordingly.

Renewal of registration

- 7. (1) A certificate of registration issued under section 6 is valid for a period of five years from the date of issue.
- (2) A non-profit organisation shall apply in the form prescribed by Rules to the Registrar General for the renewal of its certificate of registration no later than one month after the certificate expires.
- (3) A non-profit organisation that submits an application for renewal shall pay a fee prescribed by Rules and may continue to operate until a decision is made by the Registrar General.

Non-profit companies

- 8. (1) A non-profit company registered under the Companies Act is deemed to be duly registered as a non-profit organisation under this Act.
- (2) The Registrar General shall enter a non-profit company under subsection (1) on the register.
- 9. (1) A register of non-profit organisations shall be established and maintained by the Registrar General.

Establishment of a register of non-profit organisations

- (2) The register shall include the following information with respect to a non-profit organisation:
  - (a) its name, address, telephone number and e-mail address;
  - (b) its purpose and activities;
  - (c) the name, occupation and address of each person who is a controller of the non-profit organisation;
  - (d) the date of its registration as a non-profit organisation, the date of its renewal of registration, and if applicable, the date on which its registration was cancelled; and
  - (e) such other information prescribed by Rules.
- (3) The Registrar General shall on his own motion provide a copy of the register to the Regulator or when requested by the Regulator.
- (4) A person who has paid the fee prescribed by Rules may, during normal business hours, examine, make copies of or extracts from, the register.
- (5) The Registrar General shall not disclose information under section 5(4) which is not contained in the register except—
  - (a) to the Regulator;
  - (b) for the purposes of law enforcement for Court proceedings; or
  - (c) pursuant to an order of the Court.
- 10. (1) The Registrar General may cancel the Cancellation of registration of a non-profit organisation if—
  - (a) the non-profit organisation failed, without reasonable cause—
    - (i) to keep proper financial accounts and records in accordance with section 13; or

- (ii) to submit audited financial accounts and records in accordance with section 14;
- (b) it is proven in Court that the non-profit organisation breached a duty owed to itself or any of its contributors;
- (c) it is proven in Court that the non-profit organisation committed a criminal offence which carries a penalty of a term of imprisonment of three years or more;
- (d) the non-profit organisation is found guilty of an offence under the Proceeds of Crime Act, Anti-Terrorism Act, Financial Intelligence Unit of Trinidad and Tobago Act, or any other written law by which the recommendations of the Financial Action Task Force are implemented;
- (e) the non-profit organisation is a designated individual or entity under section 22B of the Anti-Terrorism Act or any order made under section 4 of the Economic Sanctions Act; or
- (f) the non-profit organisation is struck off the Companies register under section 461 or 489 of the Companies Act.
- (2) Where the Registrar General determines that the registration of a non-profit organisation should be cancelled in accordance with subsection (1), the Registrar General shall give notice giving reason for the cancellation, in writing to the non-profit organisation that its registration shall be cancelled upon the expiration of thirty days, or such longer period as the Registrar General may determine, from the date of the notice, unless within that period the non-profit organisation submits written reasons to the satisfaction of the Registrar General as to why its registration should not be cancelled.

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- (3) Where the Registrar General is in receipt of written reasons under subsection (2), the Registrar General shall consider those reasons and make a determination within twenty-one days from the date of receipt of those reasons.
- (4) Where the Registrar General decides not to cancel the registration of a non-profit organisation, he shall, as soon as is practicable, notify the non-profit organisation in writing.
- (5) Where the registration of a non-profit organisation is cancelled—
  - (a) the Registrar General shall, as soon as is practicable, notify the non-profit organisation, the Regulator and such other persons as may be prescribed by Regulations of that cancellation; and
  - (b) the non-profit organisation shall not conduct business as a non-profit organisation nor solicit cash, donations, grants, subventions, or property.
- 11. (1) The Registrar General shall update the register Updating the register if the registration of a non-profit organisation is cancelled or surrendered pursuant to this Act, and the Registrar General shall publish notice thereof in the *Gazette* and one daily newspaper in general circulation in Trinidad and Tobago.
- (2) The Registrar General shall inform the Regulator when a non-profit company is struck off the Companies register under section 461 or 489 of the Companies Act, and shall update the register accordingly.
- 12. (1) An applicant under section 5 whose registration Appeals is refused may appeal that decision to a Judge of the High Court.

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- (2) A non-profit organisation whose renewal of registration is refused under section 6 may appeal that decision to a Judge of the High Court.
- (3) A non-profit organisation whose registration is cancelled under section 10 may appeal that decision to a Judge of the High Court.

### PART THREE

Obligations of Non-Profit Organisations

Keeping financial accounts and records

- 13. A controller of a non-profit organisation shall ensure that proper financial accounts and records of the following are kept:
  - (a) all sums of cash received and expended and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure relate;
  - (b) all gifts, sales and purchases of property;
  - (c) all sums of cash raised through fundraising;
  - (d) non-monetary transactions of property as may be prescribed by Regulations;
  - (e) all assets and liabilities; and
  - (f) any other matter that may be prescribed by Regulations.

Audit

- 14. (1) A non-profit organisation with a gross annual income exceeding ten million dollars shall have its financial accounts and records audited and reported on, in accordance with IFRS, annually by a qualified auditor.
- (2) Upon the completion of an audit of the financial accounts and records of a non-profit organisation, a qualified auditor shall submit his report to a controller of the non-profit organisation.
- (3) A controller of a non-profit organisation shall submit the audit report under subsection (2) to the Registrar General when requested by the Registrar General.

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- (4) The Registrar General shall provide on his own motion a copy of the audit report of a non-profit organisation to the Regulator or when requested by the Regulator.
- (5) For the purposes of this section, "qualified auditor" means an auditor who is a member of, and is in good standing with the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Trinidad and Tobago.
- 15. (1) A controller of a non-profit organisation shall change of notify the Registrar General, in the form prescribed by Particulars Rules, of any change in the particulars referred to in section 5(4) within thirty days of such change.
- (2) The Registrar General shall enter in the register any change in the particulars referred to in section 9(2).
- 16. Where a controller fails to notify the Registrar Failure to notify General in accordance with section 15, the Registrar Registrar General General is entitled to collect from the controller a penalty of three hundred dollars for every month, or part thereof, that the controller fails to notify the Registrar General.
  - 17. (1) A non-profit organisation which—

Surrender of Registration

- (a) wishes to voluntarily surrender its registration as a non-profit organisation; or
- (b) is no longer in operation,

shall notify the Registrar General in writing of same.

- (2) Where the Registrar General receives notice under subsection (1), he may approve the surrender of the registration of the non-profit organisation.
- (3) Within six months after receiving approval to surrender its registration, a non-profit organisation shall distribute its property in accordance with section 20.

- (4) Within twenty-one days after the distribution of its property in accordance with subsection (3), a non-profit organisation shall—
  - (a) file with the Registrar General a statutory declaration in the form prescribed by Rules; and
  - (b) surrender its certificate of registration to the Registrar General.
- (5) A controller of a non-profit organisation who knowingly and without reasonable cause contravenes subsection (3) or (4) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of one hundred thousand dollars and to imprisonment for ten years.
- (6) Where a non-profit organisation surrenders its certificate of registration, the non-profit organisation shall not conduct business as a non-profit organisation nor solicit cash, donations, grants, subventions, or property.
- 18. (1) A controller of a non-profit organisation shall ensure that records of the following are kept:
  - (a) its purposes and activities;
  - (b) the identity of the controllers, senior officers, directors and trustees of the non-profit organisation; and
  - (c) the source of its gross annual income.
  - (2) A non-profit organisation shall retain—
    - (a) the records under subsection (1); and
    - (b) the financial accounts and records under section 13.

for a period of six years or such other period as may be prescribed by Regulations.

(3) Where the Regulator in exercising its powers under section 18G of the Financial Intelligence Unit of Trinidad and Tobago Act determines that a non-profit organisation is not keeping the records required under this section it shall issue a notice to the non-profit organisation requiring it to provide the records within such time as the Regulator determines

Records

(4) A controller of a non-profit organisation who knowingly and without reasonable cause contravenes subsection (1) or (2) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of fifty thousand dollars and to imprisonment for seven years.

### 19. A person who—

Disqualification of controller of a

- (a) is found guilty of a summary offence under non-profit the Proceeds of Crime Act or the Anti-Terrorism Act;
- (b) is sentenced to imprisonment or is convicted of an offence involving fraud or dishonesty, whether in Trinidad and Tobago or elsewhere;
- (c) is a designated individual or entity under section 22B of the Anti-Terrorism Act or any order made under section 4 of the Economic Sanctions Act:
- (d) is found guilty of an offence under this Act;
- (e) is less than eighteen years of age;
- (f) is mentally ill, within the meaning of the Mental Health Act; or

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(g) is an undischarged bankrupt, having been adjudged or otherwise declared bankrupt under any law in force in Trinidad and Tobago or elsewhere,

shall be disqualified from acting as a controller of a non-profit organisation.

- 20. (1) Before a non-profit organisation, which is not a Distribution of non-profit company, surrenders its registration as a property upon non-profit organisation, the non-profit organisation shall apply to the Official Receiver for the property of the non-profit organisation to be distributed to such other non-profit organisation with a similar purpose as determined by the members.
- (2) Where the Official Receiver approves an application under subsection (1), the non-profit

organisation shall, after satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities, give or transfer any remaining property to such other non-profit organisation as approved by the Official Receiver.

(3) Before a non-profit organisation which is a non-profit company surrenders its registration as a non-profit organisation, the non-profit organisation shall dispose of its property in accordance with section 316 of the Companies Act.

Forfeiture of property upon cancellation

- 21. (1) Where the registration of a non-profit organisation is cancelled under section 10(1)(d) or (e), the property of the non-profit organisation shall be treated in accordance with the forfeiture provisions of the Proceeds of Crime Act and Anti-Terrorism Act, as the case may be.
- (2) Where the registration of a non-profit organisation is cancelled under section 10(1)(a), (b), (c), or (f), the Attorney General may make an application to a Judge of the High Court for an order of forfeiture in respect of the property of a non-profit organisation.
- (3) The Attorney General shall be required to name as respondents to an application under subsection (2) only those persons who are known to own or control the property that is the subject of the application.
- (4) The Attorney General shall give notice of an application under subsection (2) to the respondents named in the application, in such manner as the Judge may direct.
- (5) A Judge may order that the property of a non-profit organisation be forfeited to the State, and the order shall be published in the *Gazette* and one daily newspaper in general circulation in Trinidad and Tobago at least once a week for two weeks.
- (6) The property of a non-profit organisation forfeited to the State shall be given or transferred to such other non-profit organisation as determined by the Judge.

appears to have an interest in the property, and any such person shall be entitled to be added as a respondent to the application.

- (8) Where a Judge is satisfied that a person has an interest in the property which is the subject of an application under subsection (2), the Judge shall order that the interest shall not be affected by the order made under subsection (5) and the order shall also declare the nature and extent of the interest in question.
- (9) A person who claims an interest in property that has been forfeited and who has not been named as a respondent or been given notice under subsection (7) may make an application to the High Court to vary or set aside an order made under subsection (5), not later than sixty days after the day on which the forfeiture order was made.
- (10) Pending the determination of an appeal against an order of forfeiture made under this section, any person appointed to manage, control or otherwise deal with the property under this section shall continue in that capacity.

# PART FOUR OFFENCES

- 22. (1) A non-profit organisation that solicits or Non-solicitation causes to be solicited contributions from the public or of public funds the State, whether locally or internationally, whilst not registered under this Act, commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of fifty thousand dollars.
- (2) A controller of a non-profit organisation who without reasonable cause contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of fifty thousand dollars and to imprisonment for seven years.

- (3) This section shall not apply to a person or group of persons who carry out a single event to raise funds for charitable purposes.
- (4) In this section, "contributions" means the receipt of cash, donations, gifts, grants and subventions.

Liability of a controller

- 23. (1) A controller of a non-profit organisation who knowingly or recklessly makes or provides a false document, financial accounts or records, or audited financial accounts or records which are required under this Act commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of fifty thousand dollars and to imprisonment for seven years.
- (2) Any controller of a non-profit organisation who knowingly or recklessly authorises, acquiesces in, or permits the contravention of this Act which constitutes an offence by a non-profit organisation, commits that offence and is liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly, unless otherwise expressly provided.

#### PART FIVE

#### MISCELL ANEOUS

Notice to non-profit organisation

24. Any notice required by this Act to be sent to a non-profit organisation shall be sent in writing, by prepaid post or personally delivered, to the registered address of the non-profit organisation.

Regulations

- 25. (1) The Minister to whom responsibility for finance is assigned may make Regulations in relation to the Regulator in order to carry into effect the provisions of this Act.
- (2) The Minister to whom responsibility for legal affairs is assigned may make Regulations in relation to the Registrar General in order to carry into effect the provisions of this Act.
- (3) Regulations made under this section shall be subject to negative resolution of Parliament.

- (4) Notwithstanding section 63 of the Interpretation Act, Regulations made pursuant to this Chap. 3:01 Act may prescribe penalties not exceeding ten thousand dollars and six months imprisonment for offences committed thereunder on summary conviction.
- 26. (1) The Registrar General may, with the approval Rules of the Minister to whom the responsibility for the Registrar General's Department is assigned, make Rules prescribing forms, fees and other matters relating to the registration of non-profit organisations under this Act.
- (2) Notwithstanding section 63 of the Interpretation Act, Rules made under subsection (1) may prescribe penalties not exceeding two thousand dollars for offences committed thereunder on summary conviction.
- 27. (1) Subject to subsection (2), a non-profit Transitional organisation, other than a non-profit company, which was in operation immediately before the date of commencement of this Act, may continue to carry out its activities without registration under this Act for a period of eighteen months or such longer period as the Minister may by Order determine, provided that the extension does not exceed twelve months.
- (2) A non-profit organisation under subsection (1) shall, before the expiration of the period referred to in subsection (1) or any extension of that period, as the case may be—
  - (a) apply to be registered as a non-profit organisation under this Act; and
  - (b) where the non-profit organisation was exempt from corporation tax under section 6(1) of the Corporation Tax Act, Chap. 75:02 immediately before the date of commencement of this Act, provide the Registrar General with a copy of the letter of approval of the exemption granted by the Minister with responsibility for finance.

- (3) A non-profit company registered under the Companies Act immediately before the commencement of this Act shall submit a completed AML/CFT/PF risk assessment questionnaire to the Registrar General within twelve months of the commencement of this Act.
- (4) Any matter or proceedings commenced in any Court in relation to a non-profit organisation immediately before the date of commencement of this Act shall be continued, completed and enforced as if this Act was not in force.

Guidelines under Chap. 72:01

28. For the purposes of its functions under this Act, the Regulator may exercise its powers under section 8(3)(i) and section 18F(2) of the Financial Intelligence Unit of Trinidad and Tobago Act to issue guidelines in respect of non-profit organisations.

Consequential amendments

29. The Acts referred to in the First Column of the Schedule are amended as set out in the Second Column of the Schedule.

#### **SCHEDULE**

(Clause 29)

2019

#### Short title of Act

#### Amendment

Anti-Terrorism Act, Chap. 12:07 In section 2, by deleting the definition of "non-profit organisation" and substituting the following definition:

" "non-profit organisation" has the meaning assigned to it in the Non-Profit Organisations Act, 2019;".

Companies Act, Chap. 81:01

- A. In section 308, by deleting subsection (2) and substituting the following subsection:
  - "(2) In order to qualify for approval, a non-profit company shall—
    - (a) restrict its business to one that is of a patriotic, religious, philanthropic, charitable, educational, cultural, scientific, literary, historical, artistic, social, professional, fraternal, sporting or athletic nature, or the like, or to the promotion of some other useful object; and

#### SCHEDULE—CONTINUED

(Clause 29)

2019

#### Short title of Act

#### Companies Act, Chap. 81:01

#### **Amendment**

- (b) complete an AML/CFT/PF risk assessment questionnaire.
- (2A) For the purposes of this section, "AML/CFT/PF" means Anti-Money Laundering/Countering the Financing of Terrorism/Financing the Proliferation of weapons of mass destruction.".
- B. In section 316,
  - (a) by repealing subsection (1) and replacing the following subsections:
  - "(1) Subject to subsection (2), before dissolution, a non-profit company shall apply to the Official Receiver for the property of the non-profit company to be distributed to such other non-profit company with a similar purpose as determined by the members.
  - (1A) Where the Official Receiver approves an application under subsection (1), the non-profit company shall, after satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities, give or transfer any remaining property to such other non-profit company as approved by the Official Receiver."; and
  - (b) in subsection (2), by deleting the words "Upon the dissolution" and substituting the words "Before the dissolution".
- C. In section 473(1), by inserting after the words "section 499(2)" the following words "and an AML/CFT/PF risk assessment questionnaire under section 308".
- D. In section 489, by deleting the word "or" at the end of paragraph (d) and inserting the following new paragraph:
  - "(da) the registration of the non-profit company is cancelled or surrendered pursuant to the Non-Profit Organisations Act, 2019; or

#### SCHEDULE—CONTINUED

(Clause 29)

#### Short title of Act

### Financial Intelligence Unit of Trinidad and Tobago Act, Chap. 72:01

## Proceeds of Crime Act, Chap. 11:27

#### **Amendment**

In section 8(1), by deleting the words "and the Anti-Terrorism Act" and substituting the words ", the Anti-Terrorism Act and the Non-Profit Organisations Act, 2019".

In the First Schedule, by inserting the following item:

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a body of persons, whether incorporated or unincorporated, which—

- (a) is established primarily for the promotion of a patriotic, religious, philanthropic, charitable, educational, cultural, scientific, literary, historical, artistic, social, professional, fraternal, sporting or athletic purpose, or some other useful object and raises or disburses funds for that purpose object;
- (b) carries on its business without pecuniary gain to its members or officers except as reasonable compensation

#### SCHEDULE—CONTINUED

Non-Profit Organisations

(Clause 29)

Short title of Act

**Amendment** 

Proceeds of Crime Act, Chap. 11:27

for services rendered; and

(c) restricts the use of any of its profits or other accretions to the promotion of its purpose or object,

as defined under the Non-Profit Organisations Act."

Passed in the House of Representatives this 29th day of March, 2019.

Clerk of the House

Passed in the Senate this 11th day of April, 2019.

Clerk of the Senate

Senate amendments were agreed to by the House of Representatives this 23rd day of April, 2019.

Clerk of the House